

TECHNICAL LIGHTPAPER | SYSTEM SPECIFICATION

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VERA Protocol

Pragmatic Lattice-Based Post-Quantum Cryptography Integration Layer for EVM Networks

Executive Summary:

The VERA Protocol operates as a pragmatic, modular post-quantum cryptography (PQC) extension layer deployed on top of existing production networks. By implementing an architecture designed to "Extend, not Replace", VERA hardens legacy digital asset environments against future adversarial quantum vectors without sacrificing transactional velocity or inflating execution costs.

1. Abstract & Introduction

The impending maturation of quantum computing represents an absolute cryptographic threat vector to contemporary distributed ledger infrastructure. Specifically, the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA), which underpins public-key cryptography on Ethereum and modern Layer-2 scaling solutions, is fundamentally vulnerable to Shor's algorithm.

Rather than advocating for an immediate, systemic consensus-level replacement of EVM validation layers—which introduces significant coordination overhead, execution risk, and user-experience fragmentation—this paper presents the **VERA Protocol**.

The primary core philosophy of the VERA framework relies on nesting lattice-based signature payloads inside predictable off-chain transport envelopes and

committing verified states through localized smart contract interfaces.

2. Architectural Foundations & Dual-Key Routing

The protocol utilizes a hybrid security topology that decouples standard ledger authorization from quantum-safe proof anchoring. This guarantees that any existing infrastructure tool (e.g., standard browser extensions, mobile clients) remains operational while gaining post-quantum validation guarantees.

2.1 Core Network Selection

Initial operational testing is deployed on **Base Sepolia**. The choice of Base as the underlying settlement engine is driven by its high throughput, fast finality parameters, and economic execution costs, which allow complex lattice data states to be tracked without imposing prohibitive gas fees on end users.

2.2 Cryptographic Premise & Verifiable Execution

Traditional setups use standard ECDSA paths to instantiate communication lines. VERA introduces a parallel off-chain verification routine that computes matrix shortest vector problem structures, derived from the hardness of Learning with Errors (LWE) math frameworks, producing a unique quantum-resistant artifact identifier (`PQC_KEY_ID`) and its accompanying polynomial structural mapping data (`LWE_POLY`).



Security Principle:

The dual-key arrangement mandates a hybrid architecture: the core quantum-safe cryptographic security is executed and validated via our secure backend engine running native ML-DSA-87 algorithms, while the immutable confirmation proof is anchored directly onto the Base Sepolia ledger via the user's legacy ECDSA key.

3. Technical Workflow & Implementation Sequence

The current sandbox ecosystem successfully delivers an end-to-end user and network interaction pattern across three specific operational states:

Phase	Identifier	Process Action	Cryptographic / System Event State
01	CONNECT	Identity Initialization	Establishment of standard Web3 routing link using browser extensions or mobile universal links. Detects network parity (Base Sepolia Chain ID: <code>0x14A34</code>).
02	SECURE	Lattice Payload Computation	Asynchronous execution inside the secure VERA backend engine. Computes native ML-DSA-87 mathematical matrices to generate a sealed quantum-safe polynomial proof payload.
03	VERIFY	On-Chain State Anchoring	Execution of the smart contract transaction via the <code>commitProof</code> method. Permanently anchors the cryptographic validation proof into the Base Sepolia blockspace.

3.1 The Sandbox Anchoring Interface

The verification sequence operates via an optimized contract layer deployed on Base Sepolia. Below is the technical interface signature used to record data integrity permanence:

```
// Contract Deployment Matrix
string public constant CONTRACT_ADDRESS = "0x3915f1CAb29C89
0b6627a6AB28fBE13760A24cd6";

interface IVERAAncor {
    function commitProof(string calldata keyId, string call
data poly) external returns (bool);
}
```

4. Project Scope & Implementation Milestones

4.1 Phase 1: Research & Architecture (Completed)

Comprehensive mathematical formulation and theoretical system design of lattice-based post-quantum cryptography extensions compatible with standard EVM execution environments.

4.2 Phase 2: VERA Sandbox & Proof Anchoring (Current Live PoC State)

The terminal environment currently operates as a fully functional, end-to-end working Proof of Concept (PoC). It demonstrates successful end-to-end proof anchoring on Base Sepolia with native ML-DSA-87 signing and verification seamlessly integrated into the secure backend middleware.

4.3 Phase 3: PQC SDK & Middleware Foundation (In Progress)

Transitioning the current architecture into developer-friendly infrastructure components:

- **SDK Foundation:** Modular libraries for rapid integration.
- **Payload Builder:** Automating off-chain lattice structure compilation.
- **Verification API:** Streamlined endpoints for secure backend communication.

4.4 Phase 4: Mainnet Readiness & Ecosystem Adoption (Planned Target)

The final milestone shifts the focus toward widespread infrastructure adoption and network optimization:

- **Developer SDK Release:** Publicizing stable developer toolkits under managed access control.
- **Third-Party Integration:** Onboarding external decentralized applications (dApps) to leverage VERA's security layer.
- **Mainnet Readiness:** Deploying optimized production contract anchors onto the Base Mainnet.

5. Tokenomics Integration & Ecosystem Hardening

The **LAT Token** acts as the baseline economic asset governing and securing this post-quantum validation layer. As the network scales toward decentralization, economic alignment is managed through specific incentive frameworks:

-  **Bonding and Staking Requirements:** Independent nodes running off-chain Verifier clusters must lock a predetermined amount of LAT tokens as collateral. Malicious actions, prolonged downtime, or incorrect proof validation result in capital slashing.
 -  **Verification Fee Architecture:** Applications and terminal modules requesting quantum-resistant state security coverage must bundle minor protocol interaction premiums denominated in LAT or its local accounting equivalent, establishing sustainable economic demand.
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6. Conclusion

The VERA Protocol demonstrates that preparing for the quantum transition does not require rebuilding blockchain networks from the ground up. Through systematic integration, modular contract anchors, and clear scaling objectives, the LAT Project establishes a highly secure, developer-friendly path to long-term digital asset protection. The active live deployment on the Base Sepolia network confirms the absolute viability of this vision, establishing a reliable, working blueprint for the next generation of cryptographic infrastructure protection.

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